a Commission of Enquirry under the Commission of Enquiry Act, 1952 ! presided over by Shri Justice B. N. Srikrishna. The Commission will enquire into the riots which occurred in the Bombay Police Commissionerate in December, 1992 and January, 1993. The Commission, according to Its terms ot references is required to enquire into the adequacy or otherwise of the precautionary and preventive measures taken; the adequacy of the steps taken by the police to contral the riots including the justification of Police firing; and the re-ponsibility or otherwise of any individuals or any organisation for the events. It is further required to suggest the long and short term measures to avoid recurrence of such incidents and to secure communal harmony. The Commission has to submit its report to the State Government within a period of six months from the date of publication of the Notification in the Official Gazette.

(d) According to the information furnished by the State Government, 757 persons were killed in Bombay during the riots in Dtcember, 1992 and January, 1993. Information regarding the losses suffered by the people during the riots in Bombay is not available.

(e) According to the information available, the State Government have disbursed Rs. 1225 lakhs to the riot victims in Maharashtra so far which includes the amount disbursed in Bombay.

The State Government have taken a number of measures for the rehabilitation of the victims like providing financial and other assistance through local , area committees constituted for the purpose.

Seenrky to *press* people

2787. SHRI MOHAMMED AFZAL alias MEEM AFZAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the fact that the Press People have to go to vulnerable points for proper coverage of the events;

(b) whether Government have issued separate precise and detailed instructions to the Civii, administrative and para-military authorities to provide facilities to the Press People;

(c) what steps have been taken by Goverrnment to aviod the repetition of happenings to the Press People after the Ayodhya experience; and

(d) what measures have been taken to compensate the injured people and loss of their equipments?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) to (d) Since 'public Order' and 'Police' are State subjects, it is primarily the responsibility of the State Governments to ensure that Press persons do not suffer any threat of bodily harm while discharging their duties. However, the Central Government have issued guidelines from time to time to the State Governments regarding providing necessary protection and security to journalists wherever the situation so demands so that they may discharge their professional duties effectively and in an independent manner. The Ministry of Labour have informed that they have requested al! State Governments/UTs in August, 1991 to add the category of 'Newspapar employees on outdoor duties' to the list of hazardous occupation specified in Schedule-II of the work men's Compensation Act. This would make newspapers employees eligible for compensation under the Act. With regard to incident in Ayodhya, the State Government tf Uttar Pradesh have decided to give compensation of Rs. 10,000l- to the seriously injured and Rs. 5,000/- as compensation to those who are sustained minor injury.

(Transferred to 26th March, 1993)

Temples dtstroyed in Kerala in December, 1992

2789. SHRI O. RAJAGOPAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that temples > were destroyed in Kerala State in De-